



Attributes

- ☑ sharp enough to penetrate the tissue with minimal resistance
- ☑ resistant to bending in order not to deform
- ☑ elastic enough to prevent needle breakage
- corrosion-resistant to prevent microorganisms or foreign bodies from entering the wound
- ☑ reusable, economically viable, handy

Technical description

build from stainless steel

Packing

12 pieces in a transparent box

Product highlights

- ✓ high quality stainless steel
- ☑ slim without comproming strength
- ☑ remains stable when used with a needle holder
- ✓ causes minimal tissue trauma
- ☑ penetration with minimal resistance due maximum sharpness
- ☑ rigid enough to withstand a rupture during surgery
- ✓ sterile and corrosion-resistant

Basic needle design

A needle has 3 major parts:

Begin: needle point Main part: needle body

End: eye





The eye

comes in 3 types:

- ✓ regular (closed) eye
- ☑ spring (French/split) eye
- ✓ swaged (eyeless)



Spring eye

This type of needle is sometimes called spring eye, French eye or split eye. These needles facilitate suturing. There is a V-shaped notch at the end of the needle. The thread is pulled through the sprinkler groove into the eyelet. Under the spring eyelet there is a second opening for better suspension of the metal lifts.

Regular (closed) eye

This needle type is a standard mono eye needle. At the end of the needle there is a hole for threading the suture material.

The end

comes in 3 types:

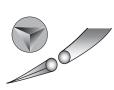
- ✓ reverse cutting point



Taper point

A gradual taper to a round bodied needle.

The Taperpoint needle pierces and expands/stretches tissue without cutting. The tip is used for easily penetrating tissue (e.g. subcutaneous layers, dura, peritoneum and abdominal viscera) and minimizes possible tearing of the fascia.



Taper cutting point

Balanced, cutting point-tapering into a round bodied needle.

This needle combines the initial penetration of a cutting needle with the minimized trauma of a round bodied needle. The cutting point is limited to the tip of the needle, which then narrows towards the end and gently merges into a round profile. It is used in tough tissues that are difficult to penetrate (e.g. skin sutures).



Reverse cutting point

A triangular body offers a third cutting edge on the outer convex curvature.

These needles are stronger than conventional cutting needles and have a lower risk of cutting out tissue. The third cutting edge is located at the outer convex curvature of the needle. They are designed for tissues that are difficult to penetrate (e.g. skin, tendon sheaths or oral mucosa). Reverse cutting needles are also advantageous in cosmetic and ophthalmic surgery and cause minimal trauma.

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1/2 circle					
	Ordinary Eye GN	Spring Eye GF	Ordinary Eye GRN	Spring Eye GRF	
				DO	
90 mm N°00		Z 751		Z 850	
80 mm N°1	Z 702	Z 752		Z 851	
70 mm N°2	Z 703	Z 753		Z 853	
65 mm N°3	Z 704				
60 mm N°4		Z 755		Z 855	
55 mm N°6	Z 706	Z 756	Z 806	Z 856	
50 mm N°7		Z 758	Z 807	Z 858	
48 mm				Z 840	
45 mm N°8	Z 708	Z 759	Z 808	Z 859	
40 mm N°9	Z 710	Z 760	Z 810	Z 860	
35 mm N°10	Z 711	Z 761	Z 811	Z 861	
30 mm N°12	Z 712	Z 762	Z 812	Z 862	
25 mm N°13	Z 713	Z 763	Z 813	Z 863	
20 mm N°15	Z 714	Z 764	Z 814	Z 864	
16 mm N°16		Z 766		Z 866	
	SKI NEEDLES half curved		Ordinary Eye	Spring Eye	
		80 mm N°1	Z 202		
		70 mm N°2	Z 203		
		65 mm N°3	Z 204		
		60 mm N°4	Z 205		
		57 mm N°5	Z 201		
/					
<u> </u>		55 mm N°6	Z 206		
/		50 mm N°7	Z 207		
		45 mm N°8	Z 208		
		40 mm N°9		Z 260	
		35 mm N°10		Z 261	
		30 mm N°12		Z 262	
		25 mm N°13		Z 263	
		20 mm N°15		Z 264	
		16 mm N°16		Z 266	
		12 mm N°20		Z 268	



	3/0 6:1-						
	3/8 Circle	Ordinary Eye BN	Spring Eye BF	Ordinary Eye BRN	Spring Eye BRF	Ordinary Eye BRT	
			DO				
///	130 mm N°6-0	Z 495		Z 595			
. \ \	110 mm N°4-0	•		Z 599			
//	100 mm N°000	Z 500	Z 550	•	Z 650		
	90 mm N°00	Z 501	Z 551	Z 601	Z 651	Z 301	
\	90 mm LIGHT N°00	Z 502		Z 602			
١	85 mm N°0	•		Z 590			
	80 mm N°1	Z 503	Z 552	Z 591	Z 652	Z 303	
	70 mm N°2	Z 504	Z 553	Z 603	Z 653		
	70 mm LIGHT N°2	Z 504L					
	65 mm N°3		Z 554	Z 604			
	60 mm N°4	Z 505	Z 555		Z 655		
	57 mm N°5	Z 506		Z 605			
	55 mm N°6		Z 556	-	Z 656		
	50 mm N°7	······································	Z 557	Z 607	Z 657		
	45 mm N°8	Z 508	Z 558	Z 608	Z 658		
	40 mm N°9	Z 510	Z 560	Z 610	Z 660		
	35 mm N°10	Z 511	Z 561	Z 611	Z 661		
	32 mm N°11		Z 570		Z 670		
	30 mm N°12	Z 512	Z 562	Z 612	Z 662		
	25 mm N°13	Z 513	Z 563	Z 613	Z 663		
	22 mm N°14		Z 571		Z 671		
	20 mm N°15	Z 514	Z 564	Z 614	Z 664		
	16 mm N°16	Z 514	Z 566		Z 666		
	14 mm N°17		Z 567		Z 667		
	12 mm N°20	······································	Z 568		_ 007		
	STRAIGHT	2300		GSN		pring Eye GSF	
		75	0.4		>	7.004	
		75 mm N				Z 904	
		60 mm N° 4		Z 903		Z 913	
		45 mm N° 8		Z 902			
		40 mm N° 9				Z 912	
SI	ERPENTINE NEEDLE	•		Ordinary Eye GSN		Z 911	
	\	110 mm		Z 403			
		135 mm		Z 401			
		145 mm		Z 402		Í	

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